
Overview

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Outline

- What's the worst that could happen?
- What are 'human factors'?
- Today's event

What's the worst that could happen?

Major accidents: The wider picture

- Most accidents & incidents involve human failures as a significant cause
 - E.g. Texaco, BP Texas, Esso Longford, BP Grangemouth, Conoco, Mexico City, Piper Alpha, Flixborough, Columbia/Challenger, Three Mile Island, Bhopal, Chernobyl, Kegworth, Herald of Free Enterprise, Southall, Ladbroke Grove, Clapham...
- We also see this in our inspections

Buncefield December 2005



And over the pond.....



Grangemouth Incidents May – June 2000



- <http://www.hse.gov.uk/comah/bpgrange/contents.htm>
- In particular, see “Wider Messages for Industry”



BP Grangemouth

“The underlying causes were **organisational, local and corporate.**”

Alistair McNab, HID investigating PI

“The key findings of the Human Factors team explained why, notwithstanding the high standards set by BP, those standards were not always implemented and met consistently over each part of the Complex.”

From the public report via hse.gov.uk/comah/bpgrange/index.htm)

What are Human Factors?

HS(G)48 – Reducing Error & Influencing Behaviour

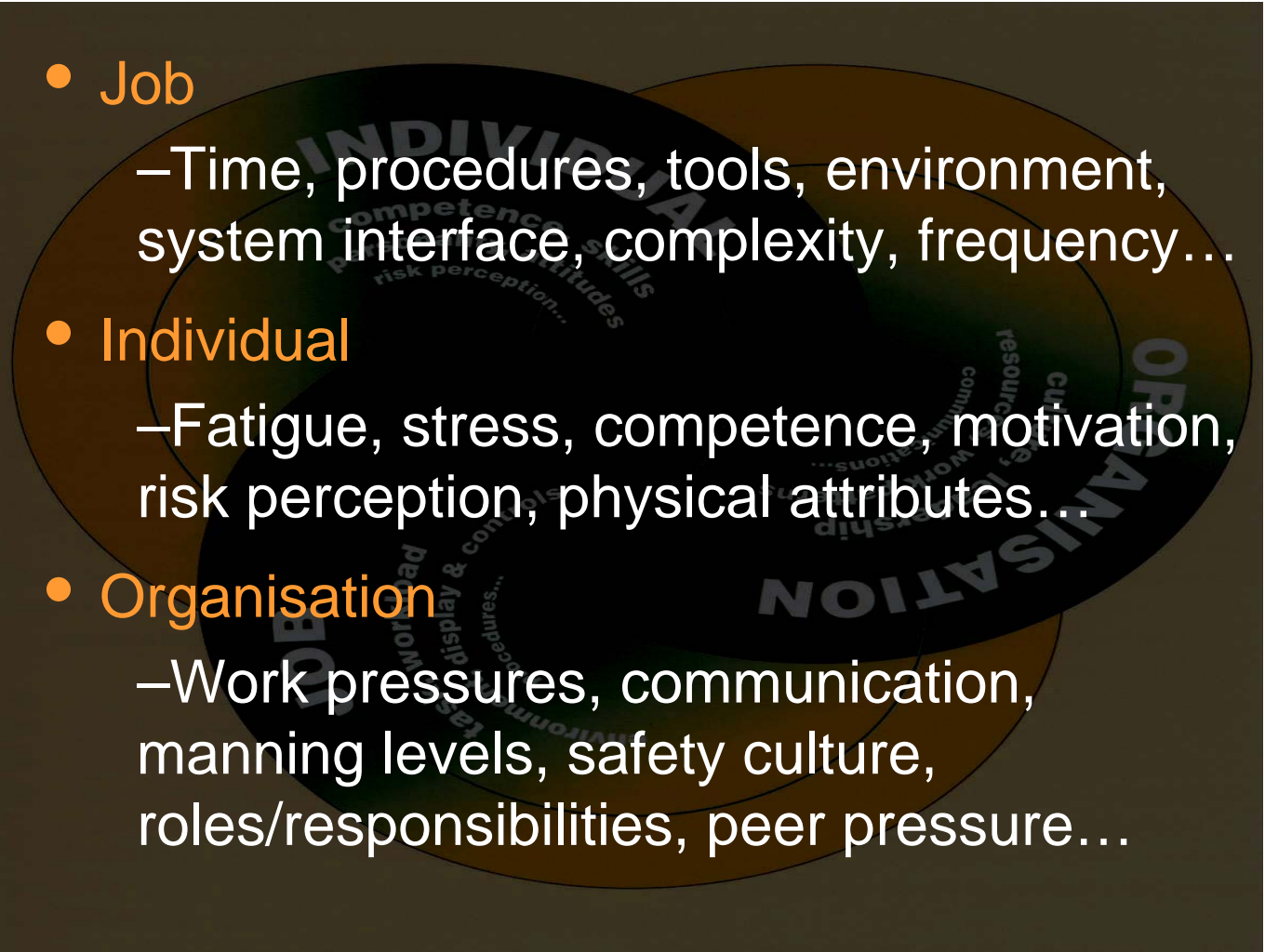


Reducing error and influencing behaviour



Proper consideration of human factors is a key ingredient of effective H&S management

What is 'Human Factors'?

- 
- The background of the slide features a large, semi-transparent diagram consisting of three overlapping circles. The top circle is labeled 'INDIVIDUAL' and contains the text 'competence, skills, risk perception...'. The middle circle is labeled 'PERSON' and contains the text 'resources, workload, communication...'. The bottom circle is labeled 'ORGANISATION' and contains the text 'workload, display & controls, procedures...'. The circles overlap in a central area.
- **Job**
 - Time, procedures, tools, environment, system interface, complexity, frequency...
 - **Individual**
 - Fatigue, stress, competence, motivation, risk perception, physical attributes...
 - **Organisation**
 - Work pressures, communication, manning levels, safety culture, roles/responsibilities, peer pressure...

Mental health



Musculo-
skeletal
disorders



Personal injury
frequency

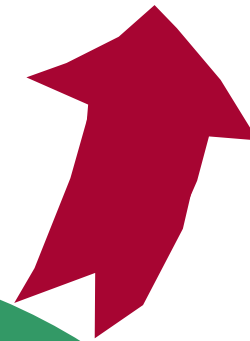
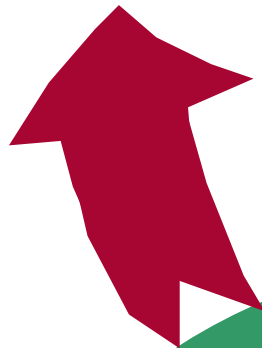


Major accident
probability



Direct effects on
health

Human/organisational
reliability



Dysfunctional
culture Unclear procedures
Poor interface design
Interaction between people, their
organisation, and physical and
psychological factors in their
work

Human performance

When we (HID) address human factors we're aiming to **optimise human performance** and **reduce human failures** in Major Accident Hazard prevention and control



What do we mean by 'human factors?'

Key human factors issues for COMAH sites



**Includes Alarm Management*

Human factors home

Human performance

- ↳ Alarm handling
- ↳ Interfaces
- ↳ Safety critical communications
- ↳ Supervision
- ↳ Behavioural safety
- ↳ Procedures
- ↳ Training and competence
- ↳ Organisational change
- ↳ Workload
- ↳ Managing human failures
- ↳ Fatigue
- ↳ Organisational culture
- ↳ Integration
- ↳ Design

Managing human performance

Human factors are environmental, organisational and job factors as well as human and individual characteristics which influence behaviour at work and can affect health and safety.

▶ Detailed introduction to human factors [PDF 300KB]

Human factors has been "operationalised" as a list of key topics. Each of the topics below link to a topic-specific page where you can download briefing sheets, extracts from an inspectors toolkit and other useful resources.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ▶ Alarm handling | ▶ Staffing levels and workload |
| ▶ Interfaces | ▶ Managing human failures |
| ▶ Safety critical communications | ▶ Fatigue from shiftwork and overtime |
| ▶ Supervision | ▶ Organisational culture |
| ▶ Behavioural safety | ▶ Integration of human factors into risk assessment and investigations |
| ▶ Procedures | ▶ Human factors in design |
| ▶ Training and competence | |
| ▶ Organisational change | |

These are not in priority order but they do reflect key topics for industry currently. The topics have proven to be the key issues based on research, consultation with industry and intermediaries, and inspection experience. These topics will be highly relevant for "major hazard industries", such as chemical processing, refineries, offshore, nuclear and rail. Many of these topics and the guidance provided will also be relevant to non-major hazard industries, such as manufacturing and healthcare.

- Briefing notes
- Human factors toolkit
- Further guidance

What we've learnt so far

HID industries:

- Need to focus on human factors issues for the prevention of major accidents as well as on the prevention of occupational injuries and health; and
- Are generally less aware of human factor issues than nuclear, defence, and rail sectors

From site inspection: three concerns

- Sites often still focus on:
 1. Hardware/engineering issues
 - at the expense of human factors
 2. Personal safety
 - at the expense of COMAH
 3. The front line
 - at the expense of management & organisational factors
- **The key issue for HID is:**

How does the site prevent major accidents and do they manage the role that people play in these systems?

Today's event

Selected topics

- Human failure...
- ...and links to procedures & competency
- Texas City
- An external view
- Accident investigation
- Putting it all together...

So we aren't trying to cover all the key topics today but to get you started.

Human factors home

Human performance

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